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8.3.6.1 Grievance Policy.

STRPS volunteers will have the opportunity to be given a hearing concerning any grievance they may have in connection with their volunteering on the railway and to have the matter settled fairly and as quickly as possible.

8.3.6.2 Grievance Procedure.

Anyone with a grievance should in the first instance approach the STRPS Chair of Trustees who will make provision for every effort to be made to resolve the issue informally at this stage without needing to invoke the STRPS formal procedure.

If the volunteer is not satisfied with the outcome of informal resolution you are not satisfied with the outcome of informal resolution the following formal procedure should be used.

8.3.6.2.1 Grievance Procedure Steps.

- Step 1: The grievance should be set out in writing and submitted to the Chair of Trustees.
- You will be invited to attend at least one meeting with the Chair of Trustees Step 2: to discuss your grievance, following which you will be informed in writing of the outcome of of your grievance and the right of appeal.
- Step 3: If you are not satisfied that your grievance has been satisfactorily resolved and you wish to appeal, you must inform the Chair of Trustees in writing within 5 working days of the outcome of your grievance meeting.

A meeting will then be arranged with other members of the STRPS Board of Trustees who were not previously involved and any necessary further investigation will be carried out, following which the STRPS's final decision will be conveyed in writing to you. There will be no right to a further appeal.

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8.3.6.3. Discipline Policy.

The STRPS believes it to be important that its rules are clear and made available to and understood by all its volunteers.

Disciplinary rules, therefore, define the standards which the STRPS expects of its volunteers in terms of conduct and performance. This section of the SMS is designed to provide a fair method of dealing with alleged shortcomings in either conduct or performance.



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Not all failures to comply with rules are of equal importance and neither do they require the same degree of severity of action. It is in the best interests of all involved that, wherever possible, appropriate informal guidance as to the required behaviour can be given by

However, all STRPS volunteers need to know that there is a formal disciplinary procedure which will be used for serious transgressions or for repeated minor incidents where an informal approach has already been made but which has not resulted in the required improvement.

8.3.6.3.1 Standards of discipline:

management supervision at the time.

Standards of discipline have been established under 4 headings:

8.3.6.3.1.1 Minor offences:

These are misdemeanours which include:

- Work errors and poor workmanship.
- Minor breach of STRPS rules.

8.3.6.3.1.2 Serious offences.

These can be a repetition of minor offences or may be a one-off offence such as:

- Refusal or failure to comply with reasonable working instructions.
- Unauthorised absence from work or rostered duties without contact.
- Infringement of STRPS Health and Safety rules.

8.3.6.3.1.3 Gross Misconduct.

Any deliberate act that is severely detrimental to the good conduct of STRPS or harmful to other STRPS volunteers will be regarded as "gross misconduct" and will render the offender liable to suspension pending investigation and possible disciplinary action.

Such offences might be:

- Theft from STRPS and / or its volunteers.
- Wilful damage to the company's property, plant, or equipment.
- Physical assault on another person at work.
- Harassment, discrimination, threatening behaviour or manner (including behaviour of a sexual, racial, or religious nature, or against someone with a disability) at work.

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 Serious negligence or a deliberate act which causes or might cause unacceptable loss, damage, or injury to STRPS or its volunteers or endangers the safety of others.

- Any act of dishonesty with regard to STRPS's financial procedures.
- Falsification of work records.
- Being under the influence of, or in possession of, alcohol, drugs, or non-prescribed medication when at work.

The above are examples only and do not constitute an exhaustive list. Each case will be considered on its own merits.

8.3.6.3.1.4 Operational Volunteer involved in a Safety Critical Incident.

When an operational volunteer is involved in a safety critical incident they will be verbally suspended from duty with immediate effect by the Duty Operations Manager.

Suspension in this situation will be immediate and not subject to the steps outlined in STRPS Section 8.3.6.3.

The volunteer will receive confirmation in writing of the suspension as soon as practicable after the incident.

The volunteer will be expected to make a written statement on the circumstances of the incident in accordance with STRPS SMS Section 11.

Return to duty will only be permitted when:

- The incident investigation has been completed and the underlying causes of the incident have been established and any required retraining by the investigation report of the volunteer involved is completed.
- A return to duty interview has taken place with the STRPS Chair of Trustees / STPRS Head of Safety.
- The return to duty is confirmed in writing by the STRPS Chair of Trustees.

Examples of safety critical incidents include:

Derailment of a train, signal passed at danger, injury to a passenger who falls from the train due to a door not being secured, excessive speed of a train. This list is not exhaustive and there will be other safety critical incidents.

8.3.6.3.2 Formal Disciplinary Procedure.

An essential aspect of the disciplinary and appeal procedure is the requirement for fairness. All actions taken and meetings held will be recorded in writing at the time. The intention is to make the situation clear and to minimise the risk of misunderstanding between the parties. However, if an STRPS or volunteer expresses difficulty either in putting his / her case in writing or in understanding any written statement or sanction, assistance will be

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offered without prejudicing the outcome. This maybe by a person who is not otherwisw involved.

Volunteers will have the right of accompaniment by a fellow volunteer at any disciplinary meeting or hearing.

Disciplinary Procedure Steps:

- Step 1: You will be given a written statement of the complaint against you and the nature of your conduct, capability or other circumstances that may result in disciplinary action or dismissal.
- A disciplinary meeting will be arranged with the Chair of Trustees to discuss Step 2: the issue(s). The Chair of Trustees will carry out or cause to be carried out any necessary investigations or enquiries before deciding if any disciplinary action is to be taken.

Within a maximum 5 working days after the disciplinary meeting, you will be informed in writing of any decision taken or sanction to be imposed, the improvement or change in behaviour which is required and the timescale allowed for it.

You will also be advised of your right of appeal, to whom and how any such appeal should be made.

Step 3: If you are not satisfied that the disciplinary procedure has been fairly undertaken or you believe that the sanction taken against you is unreasonable you must inform the Chair of Trustees in writing within 5 working days of your disciplinary meeting that you wish to appeal the findings.

An appeal may be on the grounds of:

- An inadequate or flawed investigation into the alleged offences
- The disciplinary procedure was not properly followed
- The sanction made was excessive in relation to the offence committed

An appeal meeting will then be arranged with other members of the STRPS Board of Trustees not previously involved in the matter to consider your appeal.

Any decision made will be conveyed in writing to you and there will be no right to a further appeal to the decision made at the appeal hearing.

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